

From Wind Resource to Bankability: Lessons from Low-Wind-Speed Projects and LiDAR-Based Wind Assessment in Asia

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Vincent Dolisy

Head of Wind Power, APAC
Bangkok, Thailand

Vincent has over 18 years of experience in the energy sector, mainly in international consulting, with the last 9 years focused on wind energy development across Asia. He currently leads AFRY's Wind Power business across APAC.



AFRY today



AFRY today

AFRY unlocks the energy and industry transition, strengthening resilience in society by providing **engineering, project management, and advisory services**

Net sales, USD

2.8b

Established in

1895

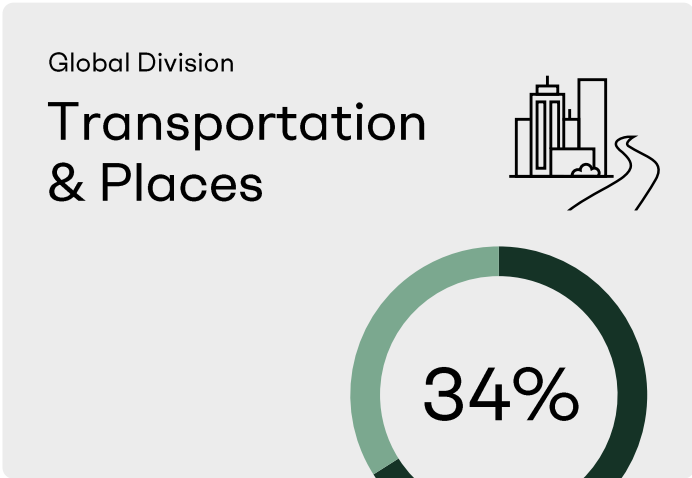
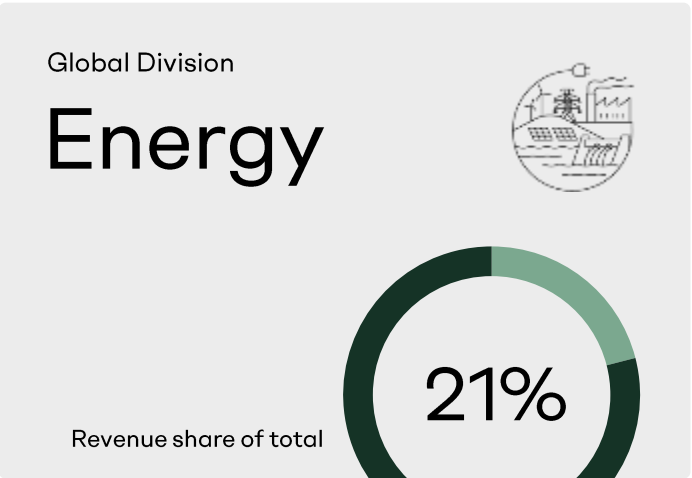
Number of employees

18,000

Countries with offices/projects

50/100

FY 2024



Energy Division - Segment Overview



Hydro



Nuclear



Thermal

(CCGT, LNG, Hydrogen & Ammonia, CCUS,...)



Renewables & Energy Storage
(Wind, Solar, BESS)



Transmission & Distribution



Management Consulting
(Energy Sector Management Consulting and
Market Advisory)

AFRY Wind Power globally & across Asia-Pacific region

Global competence

- **90+ GW** wind projects globally
- **400+** wind projects delivered
- **30** years of experience
- **250+** wind specialists (80+ offshore)



Asia

- Wind Power Services since **2008**
- **25,000 MW** of wind power projects in Asia
- **70+** people involved in wind projects
- **16** ongoing LTAs, **6** recent EPC tendering support projects, **6** ongoing wind OEs construction in APAC
- Multiple EYAs, Due Diligences (onshore and offshore wind)



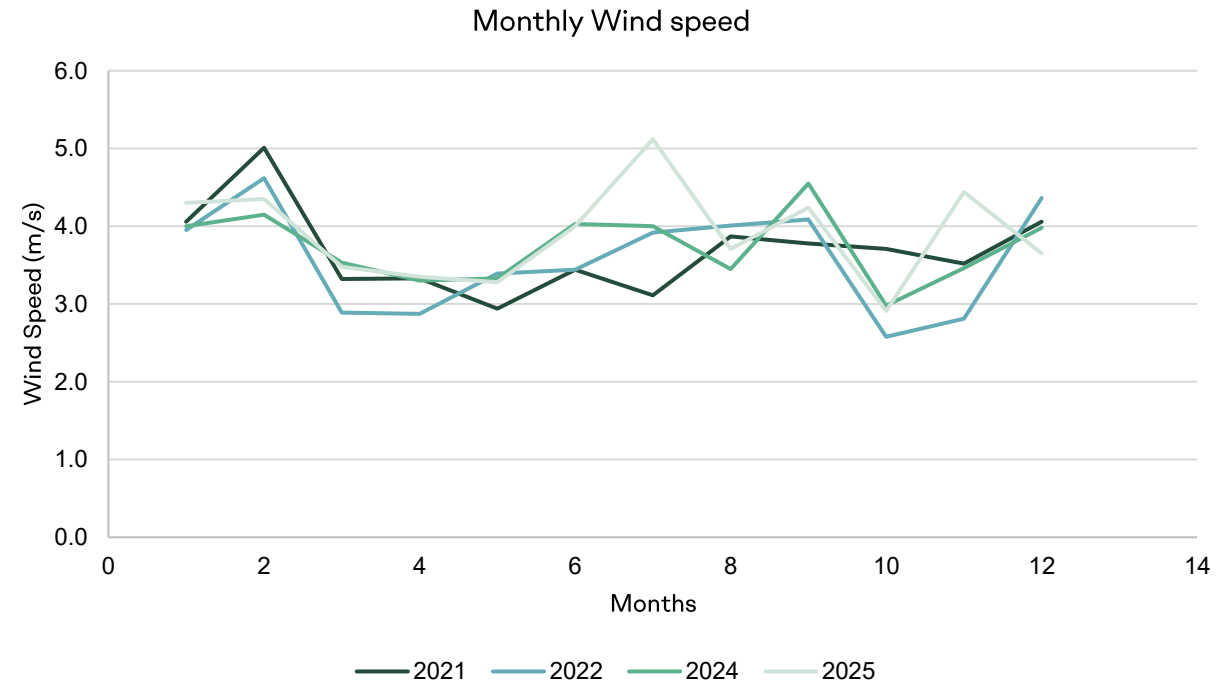
The Shift to Low Wind Speed Development



Wind Resource Characteristics Are Changing Across Southeast Asia's Project Pipeline

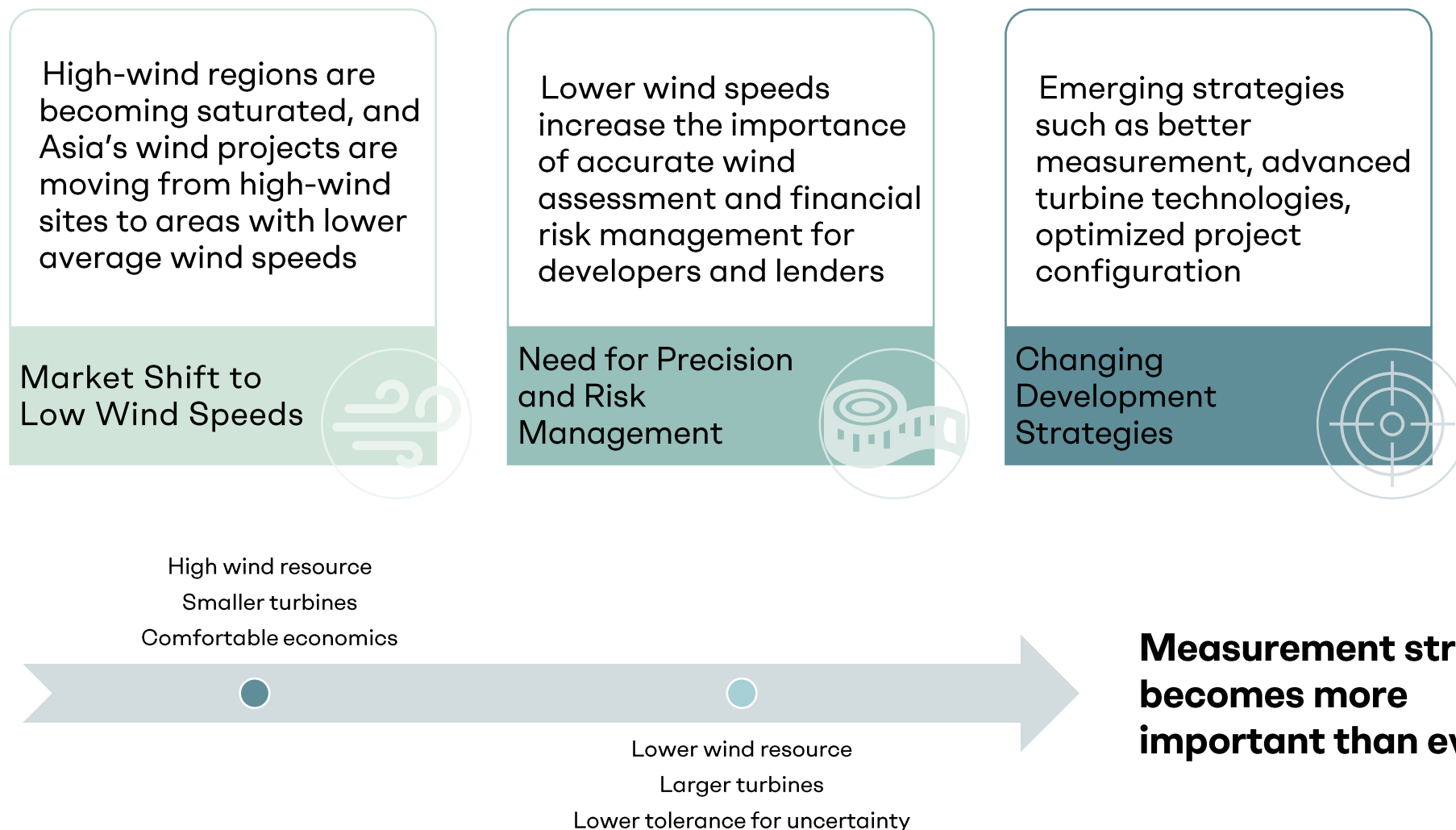
- Wind development in Southeast Asia is increasingly expanding beyond traditional high-resource areas into a broader range of site conditions.
- Our recent project experience shows a gradual reduction in average site wind speeds compared with historical developments.

Example of a low-wind-speed project currently in operation

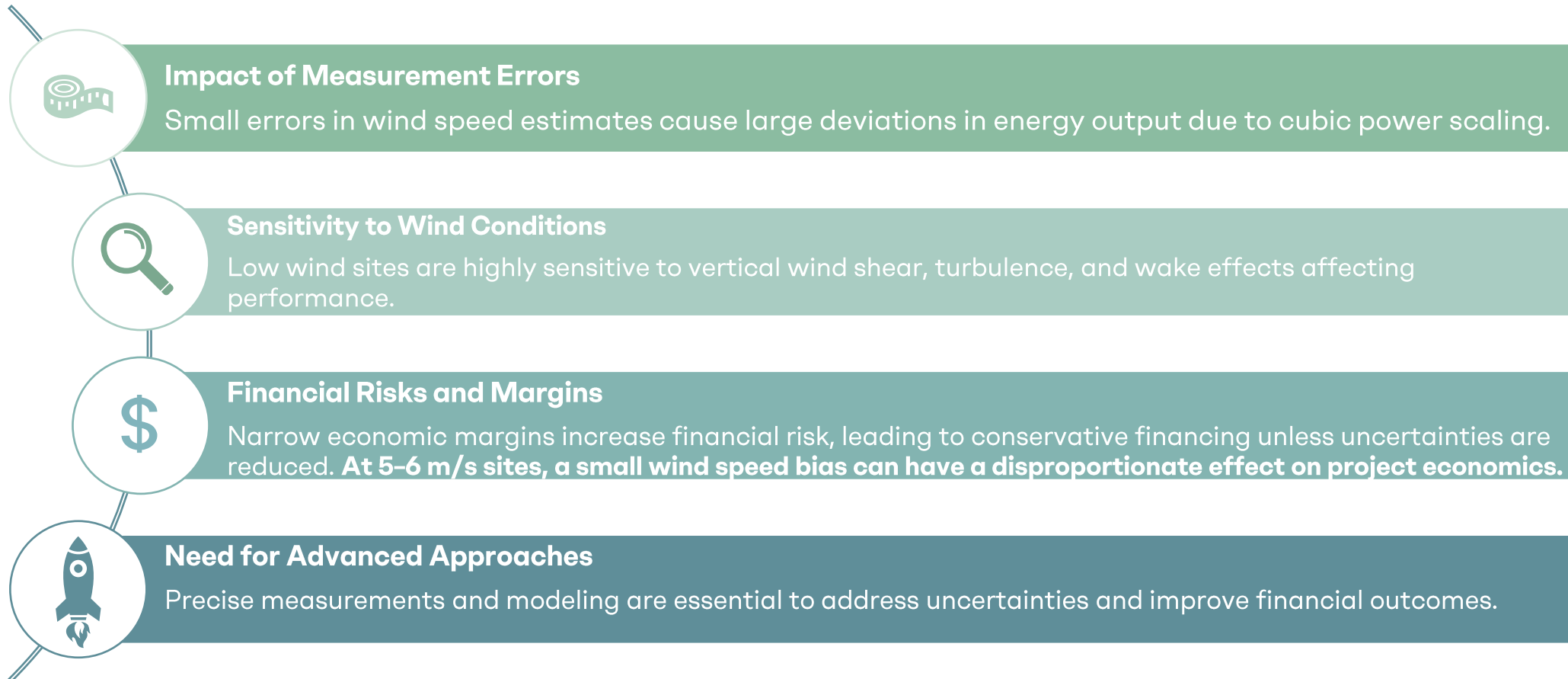


Future growth will increasingly come from sites that would have been considered marginal 10 years ago

Shift Toward Low Wind Speed Development



Key Challenges Specific to Low Wind Speed Sites



Case Study: Overcoming the Low Wind Speed Challenge Through Innovation

Project Description

- Situated in northern Malaysia, with a total installed capacity of 100 MW.
- Historically considered “Nonviable” for the wind development
 - Limited investment
 - Lack of local experience
- Ultra low wind speed country which limits large scale wind power development

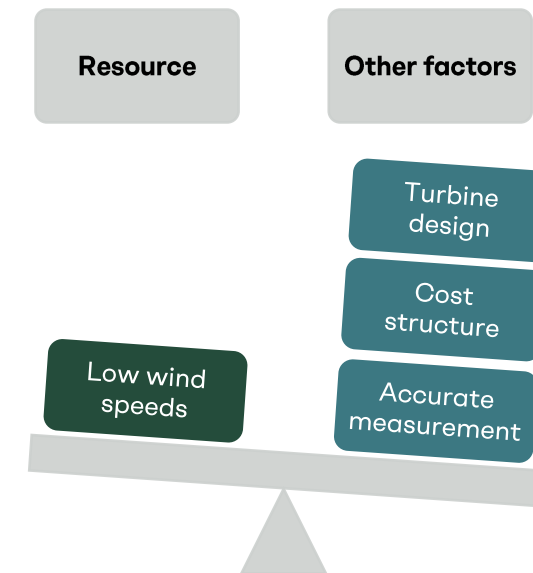
Wind Resource Alone Does Not Define Viability



Low wind is not necessarily non-bankable. It means a different strategy is needed

- Supportive tariff or government support
- **Low wind speed WTGs (Technology selection becomes critical to project viability)**
- **Optimized measurement campaign: remote sensing devices, such as vertical LiDAR, can support a smarter measurement campaign.**

Low wind speed WTGs with larger rotor can achieve an estimated **20-22% higher Gross production** in low-wind region compared to old typical WTGs



Is standalone LiDAR bankable for an onshore wind measurement campaign?

- 1) Yes, fully bankable
- 2) Yes, but only with validation
- 3) Not yet
- 4) Depends on the lender / project



LiDAR as a Development Tool

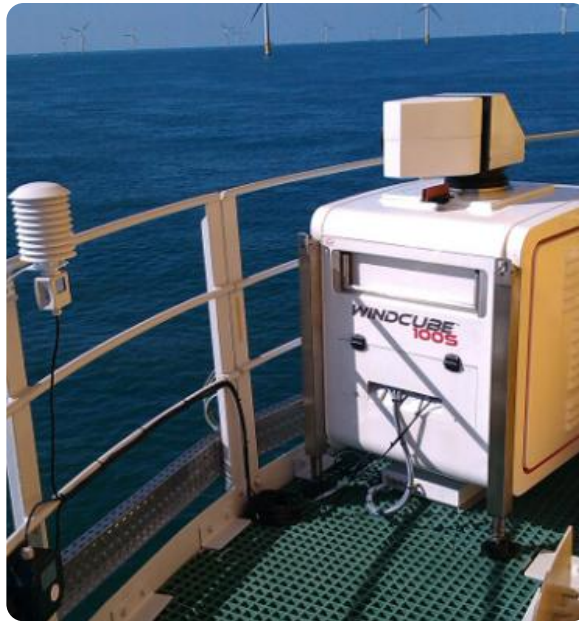


What's a LiDAR?

Wind **LiDAR** is a remote sensing laser device used to measure wind speed and direction at multiple heights.



Onshore vertical LiDAR



Offshore LiDAR (fixed)



Offshore LiDAR (floating)



Nacelle-mounted Scanning LiDAR

Why LiDAR Matters for Early-Stage Screening

Instead of carrying high cost upfront from installing met mast, deploying LiDAR is the solution to understand wind regime with lower cost

Benefits through use of LiDAR in site-screening phase

- Fast deployment
- Lower upfront cost
- Measurement at multiple heights
- Relocation flexibility
- Earlier go/no-go decisions

	Met mast	LiDAR
Cost	High	Lower
Installation time	Slower	Faster
Permitting	More complex	Usually easier
Flexibility	Fixed	Relocatable
Best use	Bankable reference	Screening / complementary WRA

LiDAR helps developers avoid committing major capex before understanding whether the site has real potential.

Case Study: Cost-Effective Screening with LiDAR in early-stage projects



Onshore Wind Farm Project in Cambodia

- Located in Cambodia in elevated plateau
- Wind speed : 5-6 m/s



Key Challenges

- **WTG layout relocated to a more promising area**
- Limited historical wind data infrastructure
- Low-moderate wind resource
- Tariff and bankability challenges (Emerging regulatory framework)



LiDAR Solution

- Deploy a portable LiDAR to gain confidence about the resource
- Install met mast and conduct collocation
- Use the collocation to estimate LiDAR uncertainties and relocate the LiDAR to various positions



LiDAR can be used as a screening tool to assess wind resource potential before committing to full met mast investment.

Reducing Uncertainty with LiDAR Integration in WRA

When it comes to large area of Project, more measurement locations are required to capture the wind regime of each WTG clusters

Benefits through use of LiDAR in Wind Resource Assessment

- Cost-effectively reduce the flow modeling uncertainty
- Reduce the vertical extrapolation uncertainty
- Understand Wind Regime beyond Hub Height up to 200 – 300 m
- Higher accessibility in remote area



LiDAR Reduces Uncertainty When:

- ✓ Properly validated
- ✓ Combined with met mast measurements
- ✓ Used at representative locations
- ✓ Fully integrated into the WRA methodology

The objective is not more measurements, it is lower uncertainty.

Case Study: Reducing Uncertainty with LiDAR Integration in WRA



Onshore Wind Farm Project in Laos

- Located in Laos, Complex Terrain
- Project area: 30 x 30 km²
- 600 MW installed capacity



Key Challenges

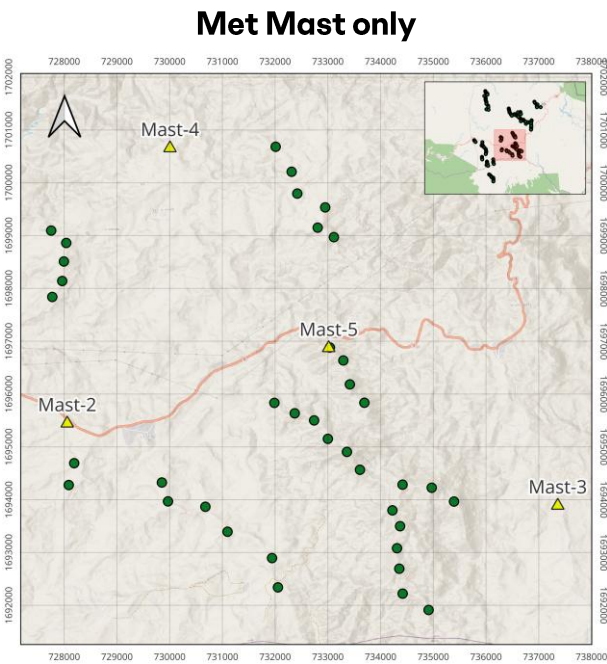
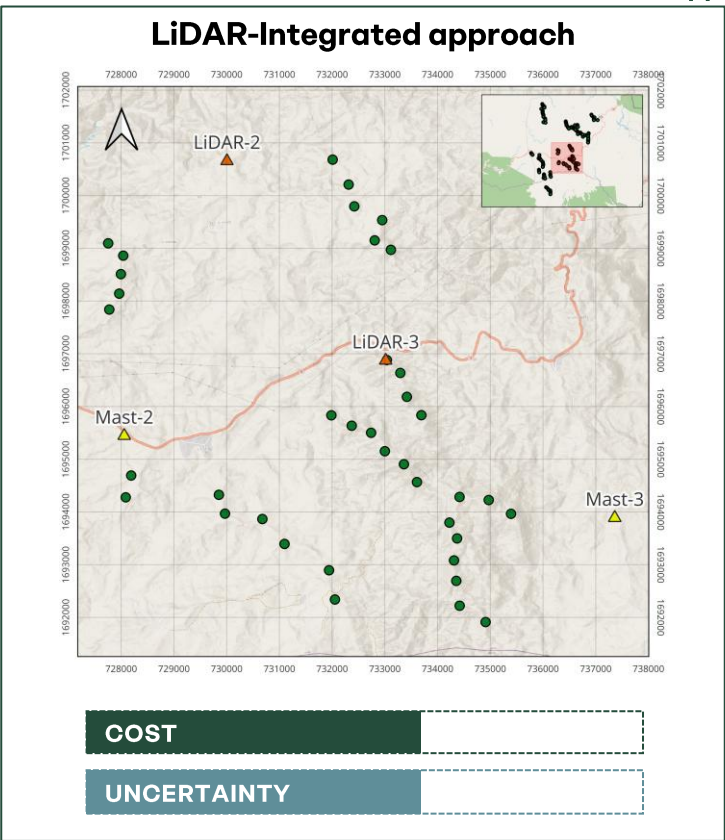
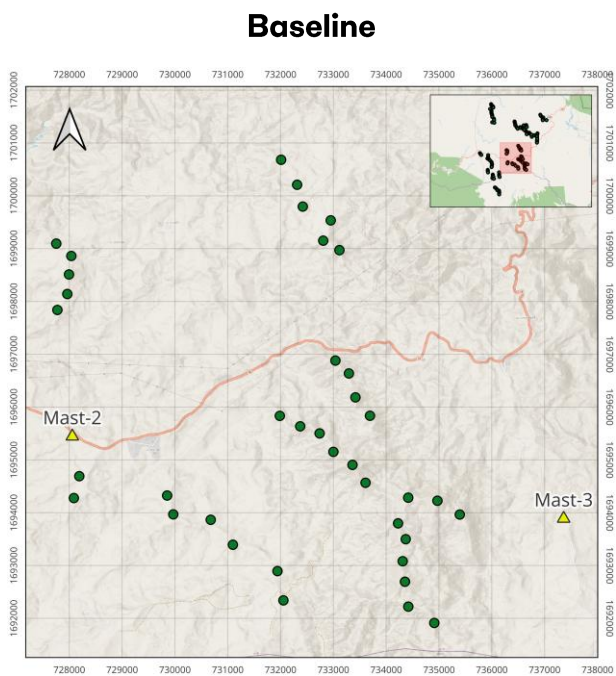
The large project area and complex terrain create non-uniform wind flow requiring multiple measurement locations due to terrain-induced measurement distortions



Role of LiDARs

- Multiple LiDARs
- Improved spatial representativeness
 - Reduced wind flow modelling uncertainty

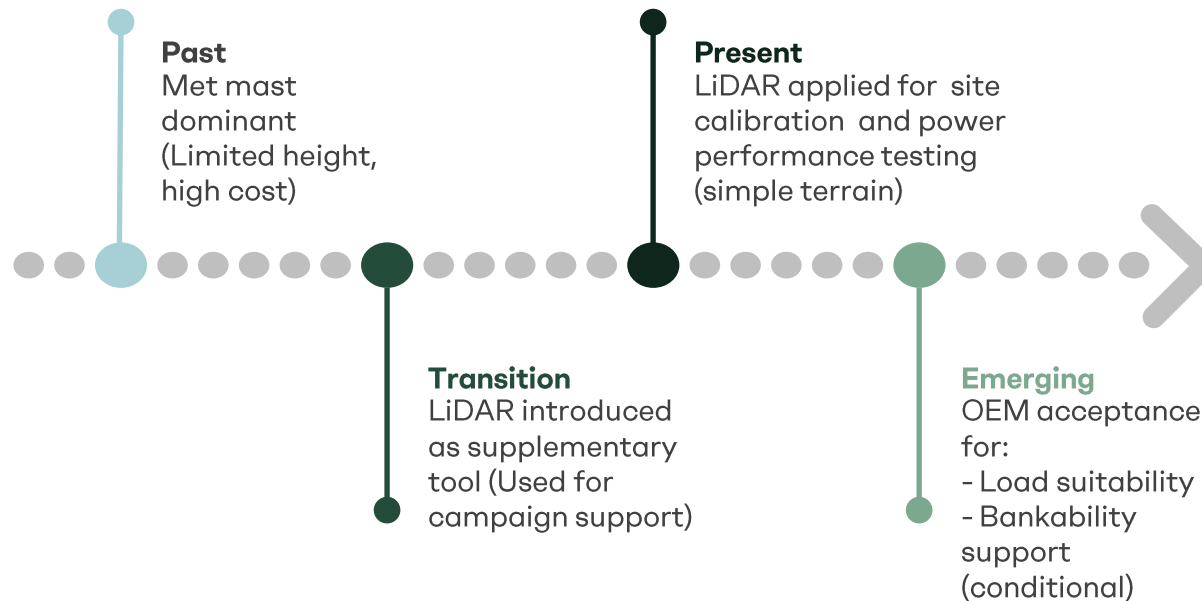
The selected approach



Standalone LiDAR as a Bankable Solution?



Evolution of LiDAR Acceptance



Power Performance Testing:

LiDAR is permitted under IEC 61400-12-1 with defined requirements (e.g., site calibration)

Load Suitability:

- Used in practice by Chinese OEMs.
- Accepted by some European OEMs such as Nordex under strict validation requirement.
 - Currently limited to specific systems (WindCube (Vaisala) and ZX LiDAR)

Note !

- Acceptance varies by OEM ;
- Met masts still required for fully bankable datasets

Why LiDAR Does Not Fully Replace Met Masts

LiDAR Limitations

- **Lender acceptance remains conditional**
Many lenders still require independent validation before accepting LiDAR-only campaigns.
- **Requires validation**
LiDAR measurements require calibration and validation to demonstrate measurement accuracy and reduce uncertainty.
- **Campaign duration is limited**
Short-term LiDAR campaigns require MCP with long-term reference datasets to represent long-term wind conditions.
- **Site-dependent performance**
Measurement quality may be affected by complex terrain, atmospheric conditions, or environmental factors.

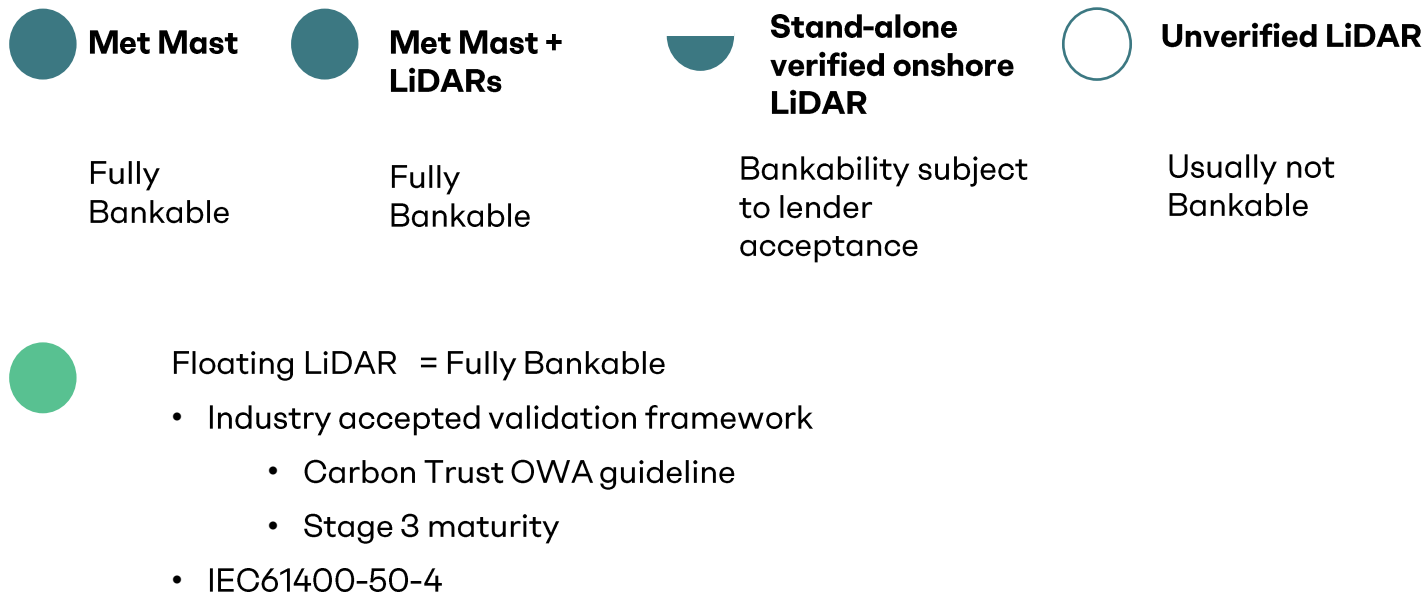
Why Met mast still matter?

- Met masts remain the industry benchmark for financing and are widely accepted by lenders.
- Direct measurement reliability and lower data availability risk. (Lower sensor uncertainty, higher extrapolation uncertainty compared to LiDAR)
- Met masts provide the reference data required for LiDAR calibration, validation, and uncertainty reduction.

While LiDAR enhances wind resource characterization and reduces extrapolation uncertainty, met masts remain a critical reference for validation and bankable energy assessments.

Bankability and Lender Acceptance

LiDAR has evolved from an emerging measurement technology to a widely accepted solution for wind resource assessment. Improvements in validation, standardization, and operational experience have increased confidence among independent engineers and lenders.



Reference: <https://www.vaisala.com/en/dnv-and-aes-clean-energy-q-and-a?utm=>, <https://www.dnv.com/services/remote-sensing-verification-218408/>

Conclusion



Conclusion

- Low-wind-speed projects can be bankable.
- As wind speeds decrease, measurement uncertainty becomes increasingly important.
- LiDAR is not replacing met masts, but it is becoming an essential part of a bankable measurement strategy.

The question is no longer whether LiDAR should be used, but how it should be integrated into a bankable measurement campaign.



